

HANDICAPPING LABIO-LINGUAL DEVIATION INDEX (HLD) SCORE SHEET

Name (Last, First):	_Medicaid ID:		DOB:
All necessary dental work completed? Yes No	Patient oral hygiene:	Excellent	ood Poor
(All dental work must be completed and oral hygiene mus	t be good BEFORE ortho	dontic treatmer	nt is approved)
PROCEDURE (use this score sheet and a Boley Gauge or dis	posable ruler):		
 Indicate by checkmark next to A or B which criteria you ar Position the patient's teeth in centric occlusion; Record all measurements in the order given and round of ENTER SCORE "0" IF CONDITION IS ABSENT 	-	mm);	
A. CONDITIONS 1-9 ARE AUTOMATIC QUALIFIERS	(indicate with an "X" if cond	lition is present)	
1. Overjet of 9.0 mm or greater			
2. Reverse overjet of 3.5 mm or greater			
3. Anterior and/or posterior crossbite of 3 or more teeth per ar	rch		
4. Lateral or anterior open bite: 2.0 mm or greater; or, 4 or mo	ore teeth per arch		
5. Impinging overbite with evidence of occlusal contact into op	pposing soft tissue		
6. Impactions – eruption impeded – extraction not indicated (e	excluding 3 rd molars)		
7. Jaws and/or dentition profoundly affected by congenital or of	developmental		
Disorder (craniofacial anomalies), trauma, or pathology			
8. Congenitally missing teeth (excluding 3 rd molars) of at least	1 tooth per quadrant		
9. Crowding or spacing of 10.0 mm or greater – either maxilla	ry or mandibular arch		
Continue to scoring below if there are no qualifying conditions	checked above		
B. CONDITIONS 10-18 MUST SCORE 28 POINTS OR I	MORE TO QUALIFY		
10. Overjet (one upper central incisor to labial of the most labi	al lower incisor)	mm	x1=
11. Overbite (maxillary central incisor relative to lower anterior	rs)	mm	x1=
12. Mandibular protrusion (reverse overjet, "underbite")		mm	x5=
13. Openbite (measure from a maxillary central incisor to man	dibular incisors)	mm	_x4=
14. Ectopic teeth (excluding third molars) # teeth		#	x3=
15. Anterior crowding of maxilla (greater than 3.5 mm) if pre	sent score		x5=
16. Anterior crowding of mandible (greater than 3.5 mm) if present score			x5=
17. Labio-lingual spread (either measure a displaced tooth from the normal arch			
form or labial-lingual distance between adjacent anterior teeth) 18. Posterior crossbite (1 must be a molar), score only 1 time - if present score			x1=
`		Present	X4
TOTAL SCORE (must score 28 points or more to qualify)			
Dan idea Circatura	Date:		
Provider Signature	NDL #.		
	NPI #:		
Provider Name	Phone #:		



GUIDELINES AND RULES FOR APPLYING THE HLD INDEX

The provider is encouraged to score the case and exclude any case that obviously would *not* qualify for treatment. Upon completion of the HLD Index score sheet, review all measurements and calculations for accuracy.

- 1. Indicate by checkmark next to A or B which criteria you are submitting for review.
- 2. Position the patient's teeth in centric occlusion.
- 3. Record all measurements in the order given and round off to the nearest millimeter.
- 4. Enter the score "0" if condition is absent.

A. CONDITIONS 1-9 ARE AUTOMATIC QUALIFIERS (indicate with an "X" if condition is present)

B. CONDITIONS 10 - 18 MUST SCORE 28 POINTS OR MORE TO QUALIFY

- 10. **Overjet** --this is recorded with the patient's teeth in centric occlusion and is measured from the labial surface of a lower incisor to the labial surface of an upper central incisor. Measure parallel to the occlusal plan. Do *not* use the upper lateral incisors or cuspids. The measurement may apply to only one (1) tooth if it is severely protrusive. Do *not* record overjet and mandibular protrusion (reverse overjet) on the same patient. Enter the measurement in millimeters.
- 11. **Overbite** --a pencil mark on the tooth indicating the extent of the overlap assists in making this measurement. Hold the pencil parallel to the occlusal plane when marking and use the incisal edge of one of the upper central incisors. Do *not* use the upper lateral incisors or cuspids. The measurement is done on the lower incisor from the incisal edge to the pencil mark. "Reverse" overbite may exist and should be measured on an upper central incisor from the incisal edge to the pencil mark. Do *not* record overbite and open bite on the same patient. Enter the measurement in millimeters.
- 12. **Mandibular (dental) protrusion or reverse overjet** --measured from the labial surface of a lower incisor to the labial surface of an upper central incisor. Do *not* use the upper lateral incisors or cuspids for this measurement. Do *not* record mandibular protrusion (reverse overjet) and overjet on the same patient. The measurement in millimeters is entered on the score sheet and multiplied by five (5).
- 13. **Open bite** --measured from the incisal edge of an upper central incisor to the incisal edge of a lower incisor. Do *not* use the upper lateral incisors or cuspids for this measurement. Do *not* record overbite and open bite on the same patient. The measurement in millimeters is entered on the score sheet and multiplied by four (4).
- 14. **Ectopic eruption** --count each tooth excluding third molars. Enter the number of teeth on the score sheet and multiply by three (3).
- 15. **Anterior crowding of maxilla** --anterior arch length insufficiency *must* exceed 3.5 mm. Mild rotations that may react favorably to stripping or mild expansion procedures are *not* to be scored as crowded. Score one (1) point for a maxillary arch with anterior crowding and one (1) point for a mandibular arch with anterior crowding and multiply by five (5).
- 16. **Anterior crowding of mandible** --anterior arch length insufficiency *must* exceed 3.5 mm. Mild rotations that may react favorably to stripping or mild expansion procedures are *not* to be scored as crowded. Score one (1) point for mandibular arch with anterior crowding and multiply by five (5).
- 17. **Labio-lingual spread** --use a Boley gauge (or disposable ruler) to determine the extent of deviation from a normal arch. Where there is only a protruded or lingually displaced anterior tooth, the measurement should be made from the incisal edge of that tooth to a line representing the normal arch. The total distance between the most protruded tooth and the most lingually displaced adjacent anterior tooth is measured. In the event that multiple anterior crowding of teeth is observed, all deviations should be measured for labiolingual spread but only the most severe individual measurement should be entered on the score sheet. Enter the measurement in millimeters.
- 18. **Posterior crossbite** --this condition involves one (1) or more posterior teeth, one (1) of which *must* be a molar. The crossbite *must* be one in which the maxillary posterior teeth involved may be palatal to normal relationships or completely buccal to the mandibular posterior teeth. The presence of posterior crossbite is indicated by a score of four (4) on the score sheet.